

Vertical Articulation of the Big Ideas in the Science Disciplines

This chart shows the grade-by-grade progression of the big ideas and content standards within each science discipline. It outlines a coherent progression in science content from kindergarten through high school.

Grade	Physical	Life	Earth and Space
K	Properties of Matter: Characteristics of living and non-living things Forces and Motion: Motion	Organization of Living Systems: Characteristics of plants and animals	Objects in the Universe: Objects in sky Matter and Energy: Sun warms land, air, water
1	Properties of Matter: Properties of objects Forces and Motion: Force and motion	Organization of Living Systems: Characteristics of living things Matter and Energy: Needs of living things	Properties of Earth Materials: Properties of Earth materials
2	Forces and Motion: Objects and magnetic forces	Matter and Energy: Describe life cycles Diversity: Variety in living and non-living things	Objects in the Universe: Patterns of change in objects seen in the sky Matter and Energy: Temperature changes
3	Properties of Matter: States of matter Forces and Motion: Position, motion, speed	Matter and Energy: Compare and contrast life cycles Diversity: Characteristics of offspring and parents	Objects in the Universe: Earth as a planet Matter and Energy: Seasonal weather changes
4	Forms of Energy: Properties of energy Changes in Matter: Physical changes	Interdependence: Plants, animals, and environment Diversity: Fossils	Properties of Earth Materials: Properties, uses, and availability of Earth materials Matter and Energy: Earth surface changes
5	Forces and Motion: Effects of friction, gravity, and magnetic forces on objects	Organization of Living Systems: Living things are composed of parts Interdependence: Plants, animals, and environment Diversity: adaptation and survival	Objects in the Universe: Sun-Earth-Moon System Matter and Energy: Sun's energy affects weather and climate
6	Properties of Matter: Physical and chemical properties of matter Forms of Energy: Properties of forms of energy and waves Energy Transfer: Electricity, magnetism, waves	Organization of Living Systems: Components, types and complexity of cells, tissues, organs, and organ systems Matter and Energy: Interactions within organisms Interdependence: Organisms, populations, and resources in ecosystems	Objects in the Universe: Objects in our solar system, galaxy, and universe Matter and Energy: Water cycle, landforms, and weather
7	Properties of Matter: Atoms, elements, and compounds Forces and Motion: Types of motion and forces and gravitation	Matter and Energy: Energy and materials for growth and metabolism of organisms, Evolution and Diversity: Reproduction, life cycles, inherited and learned traits, genes, chromosomes	History of Earth: Changes in Earth's atmosphere and landforms Matter and Energy: Use of Earth's resources, natural processes, human activities, and global environmental changes

8	<p>Properties of Matter: Atomic model, physical and chemical properties of elements and compounds, Periodic Table</p> <p>Changes in Matter: Physical and chemical changes and conservation of mass</p> <p>Energy Transfer and Conservation: Conservation of energy</p>	<p>Organization of Living Systems: Classification, internal and external structures, relationships among organisms</p> <p>Evolution and Diversity: Natural selection, evidence for evolution</p>	<p>History of Earth: Geologic, climatic, environmental and life form changes</p> <p>Matter and Energy: Processes of Earth's atmosphere, oceans, and geosphere, and gravity, motions, and Earth changes</p>
HS	<p>Properties of Matter: Atomic structure, Periodic Table, isotopes, radioactivity, types and strengths of bonds and properties of compounds</p> <p>Changes in Matter: Chemical reactions and conservation of mass</p> <p>Energy Transfer and Conservation: Interactions of energy and matter, conservation of energy</p> <p>Forces and Motion: Interaction of forces on an object and the resultant motions</p>	<p>Organization of Living Systems: Organic macromolecules, cellular processes, DNA, proteins</p> <p>Matter and Energy: Energy and elements cycle through biological systems</p> <p>Interdependence: Relationships between biotic and abiotic factors and disturbances and change in ecosystems</p> <p>Evolution and Diversity: Reproduction, genetic diversity, and multiple lines of evidence for evolution</p>	<p>Objects in the Universe: Properties and classification of objects in our solar system, galaxy, and universe</p> <p>Properties of Earth Materials: Structure and composition of Earth's atmosphere, geosphere, and hydrosphere</p> <p>History of Earth: Evolution of universe, galaxies, stars, and planets</p> <p>Matter and Energy: Effects of energy, forces, processes, and human activities on Earth systems, cycling of matter and energy</p>